Groceries, Provisions, &c.

THE MONTREAL CASH BAKERY. ESTABLISHED FOR YEARS.

BREAD -C Large Loaf 1st quality, at

We make a specialty of Fancy Bread, such as Quaker, Home-made, Vienna Cream, Columbia, &c. We have also every kind of Cake on hand.
Our Waggons run to all parts of the City,

MONTREAL CASH BAKERY, 91 SHANNON ST.

# Table and

PRESERVING FRUIT

Received fresh every morning, the Finest Quality and the Greatest Assortment in the nity, selling retail at Wholesale Prices.

WALTER PAUL, FAMILY GROCER.

# CASSELMAN BROS.,

GROCERS,

54 AYLMER STREET, Is the place to buy Fresh Fruit and Vegetable

RECEIVED DAILY. BLUEBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, BLACK and BED CURRANTS, CHERRIES, GRAPES, CALIFORNIA PEACHES, PEARS, PLUMS, etc., at Lowest Prices. EGGS, 10c, and 12c doz.

Best CREAMERY BUTTER, 20c, 5 lbs for

Orders packed and shipped to any address free of charge TRY US.

THE FINEST AND MOST EXtensive stock of California and Cana-dian fruits are to be seen this week at

BAKER'S New Grocery, 78 UNIVERSITY STREET,

Nothing can surpass it. Please call in for examination, as we do not expose any more fancy fruits outside nor in the windows on account of the dust and the files. Our groceries are also all new and fresh, and all our customers know that we always sell at Bottom Prices. Still selling 21 lbs best Granulated Sugar for \$1.00. Telephone 5019.

#### Bakers and Confectioners.

TRY AULD'S CREAM & SNOWFLAKE BREAD Also Home Made Bread, Efectric, Queen, Columbia, Long and Square. Malta, Merland Biscuita, & All made by the latest improved machinery, far ahead of the old style, and much the cleanest. Confection ery and Ice Cream of the very best.

Cor. Atwater ave. & St. Antoine st.

### ADVERTISEMENTS.



TUESDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER, IS THE LAST DAY OF DISCOUNT.

To avoid disappointment, delay and crowding, citizens are respectfully requested not to put off till the final day. cepted cheques may, be sent by mail and the receipts will be posted by return.

For the convenience of ratepayers the Tréasury Department will be open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. on MONDAY, 31st August, and TUESDAY, 1st September.

WILLIAM ROBB, City Treasurer

City Hall, Montreal, 29th August, 1896.

Feather Dusters Cheap. We want to clear out some sizes of feather dusters. We have reduced them nearly half price. ULLEY'S BRUSH WORKS, 76-78 Victoria Square. Telephone 2740. Carpet Sweepers Repaired.

THE BEST VALUE ON THE MARKET!

Fine French Black Cashmere at 44 and 471 cts.

• A really superior article for the price. Buy before the stock is exhausted.

THE WORKINGMAN'S STORE, C. P. CHAGNON, 2203 Notre Damest.



DETERMAN'S ROACH FOOD

FATAL TO COCKROACHES and WATER BUGS
"NOT A POISON."

It attracts Cockroaches and Water Bugs, as a food
they devour it and are destroyed, dried up to shell,
leaving no offensive smell.

Kept in stock by all leading druggists.

EWING. HEBRON & CO.,
Sole Manufacturing Agents for the Dominion

#### ADVERTISEMENTS.

# A GOOD SAMARITAN.

HAVING FOUND HEALTH HE POINTS THE WAY TO OTHERS.

HIS ADVICE WAS ACTED UPON BY MR. MILES PETTIT, OF WELLINGTON, WHO, AS A RE-SULT, NOW REJOICES IN RENEWED HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

(From the Pictou 'Times.')

Mr. Miles Pettit, of Welington, was a recent caller at the 'Times' office. He is an old subscriber to the paper, and a dozen stores, in which Chinese goods, has for years been one of the most respected business men of Wellington. He is also possessed of considerable inventive genius, and is the holder of several. patents for his own inventions. The Times' was aware of Mr. Pettit's serious and long continued illness, and was delighted to see that he had been restored to health. In answer to enquiries as to how this had been brought about, Mr. Pettit promptly and emphatically replied 'Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did it.' Being further interrogated as to whether he was willing that the facts should be made public, he cheerfuly consented to give a statement for that purpose, which in substance is as follows:—He was first attacked in the fall of 1892, after assist-ing in digging a cellar. The first symping in digging a cellar. tom was lameness in the right hip, which



then gradually extended to the other leg and to both feet. The sensations were a numbness and pricking, which continued to get worse and worse, until he practically lost control of his feet. He could walk but a short distance before his limbs would give out, and he would be obliged to rest. He felt that if he could walk forty rods without resting, he was accomplishing a great deal. He had the best of medical attendance, and tried many medicines without any beneficial results. He remained in this condition for about two years, when he un-expectedly got relief. One day he was in Picton, and was returning to Wellington by train. Mr. John Soby, of Picton, was also a passenger on the tran. Mr. Soby, it will be remembered, was one of the many who had found benefit from Pink Pills, and had given a testi-monial that was published extensively. Having been benefited by Dr. Williams's Pink Pills he has ever since been a staunch friend of the medicine, and noticing Mr. Pettit's condition made enquiry as to who he was. Having been informed, Mr. Soby tapped him on the shoulder and said, 'Friend, you look a sick man.' Mr. Pettit described his case, and Mr. Soby replied, 'Take Dr. Williams's Pink Pills; I know from experience what virtue there is in them, and I am satisfied they will cure you.'
Mr. Pettit had tried so many things and
failed to get relief that he was somewhat skeptical, but the advice was so disinterested, and given so earnestly, that he concluded to give Pink Pills a trial.

The rest is shortly summed up. He bought the Pink Pills, used them according to the directions which accompany each box, and was cured. His cure he believes to be permanent for it is now fully a year since he discontinued the use of the pills. Mr. Pettit says he be-lieves he would have become utterly helpless had it not been for this wonderful, health-restoring medicine.

The experience of years has proved

that there is absolutely no disease due to a vitlated condition of the blood, or shattered nerves, that Dr. Williams's Pink Pills will not promptly cure, and those who are suffering from such troubles would avoid much misery and sav money by promptly resorting to this treatment. Get the genuine Pink Pills every time, and do not be persuaded to take an imitation or some other remedy from a dealer, which, for the sake of extra profit to himself, he may say is, 'just as good.' Dr. Williams's Pink Pills make rich, red blood, and cure when other medicines fail.

#### HEALTH-GIVING APPLES.

The extraordinary crop of apples in Canada this year is a guarantee that this most useful fruit will be cheap. Apples are excellent food products, and at the same time are valuable for their medi-cinal qualities. This is what a famous German authority says on the subject: The apple is such a common fruit that few persons are familiar with its refew persons are familiar with its remarkable medical properties. Everybody ought to know that the very best thing that they can do is to eat apples just before going to bed. The apple is excellent brain food, because it has more phosphoric acid, in an easily digestible shape, than any other fruit known. It excites the action of the liver, promotes sound and healthy sleep, and thoroughly disinfects the mouth. It also agglutinates the surplus acids of the stomach, helps the kidney secretions, and prevents calculous growth, while it obviates indigestion and is one of the best preventives of disease of the throat. Next to the lemon and orange, it is also the best the lemon and orange, it is also the best antidote for thirst and craving of per-sons addicted to the alcohol and opium nand. These being the merits of the apple, there would be little difficulty in finding a profitable market for even the enormous crop of this year, if they were fully known.—London 'Advertiser,' Aug. 11.

# NO 'CHINATOWN' HERE.

MONTREAL CHINESE ARE WELL LOOKED AFTER.

SOME THINGS ABOUT THE DOINGS OF THE COLONY AND THOSE INTERESTED IN IT.

(By the Rev. F. M. Dewey.) The Chinese population of Montreal numbers about five hundred souls. Three hundred are permanent residents, and are engaged as laundrymen and small shopkeepers. There are over one hun-

and such supplies as are needed by their countrymen, are kept. Two hundred of this population are transients. Once in three weeks the C.P.R. brings into Montreal about one hundred men direct from China. They are kept here in bond until the necessary papers are secured to enable them to proceed to the United States or South America. These 'birds services were so highly prized and are of passage' make it necessary to have much needed. He is a born missionary.

dialect entirely different from that used by our missionaries in Honan or Formosa. They are said to be from a good middle class of the people, the sons of small farmers and shopkeepers. are extremely industrious, sober, frugal and law-abiding. They are sometimes subjected to rough treatment from a rowabuse with commendable patience. They are anxious to learn English, and become low gambling dens. acquainted with European methods. Some are given to opium smoking, and they are nearly all intensely fond of gambling. Wicked men take advantage of these tendencies, and have established opium dens and gambling houses, where many a poor Celestial has been relieved | churches, and arouses a missionary spirit of his hard-earned money, sometimes to the extent of hundreds of dollars. Very few idolatrous practices are observed among them. In some of the laundries idols have been seen, and on one or two occasions heathen rites have been observ ed in connection with funerals. No attempt has been made to erect a heathen temple in Montreal, although it is said there are several in British Columbia. The Chinese new year, which occurs in January or February, is observed according to the custom in China. Work is

tinued for two weeks. There are three Chinese women in Montreal, one of whom has with her a little slave girl. A baby came to one of their homes several months ago, and its birth was evidently an important event in the family history. A month later the ceremony of shaving the little fellow's head, or 'the completion of the moon,' took place. It was the occasion of a magnificent banquet and the presentation of beautiful and costly gifts.

entirely suspended on one day only, but, if funds permit, the festivities are con-

THE CHINESE SUNDAY-SCHOOLS

In November, 1884, when the Chinese population was much smaller than it is low, five young ladies from Emmanuel Congregational Church put forth the first effort to give them the gospel. A Sunday-school was commenced in the Y.M. C.A. building, Victoria square. One of these ladies was Miss Lighthall, who has continued in the work ever since. Another was Miss Lily Lyman, who afterwards spent several years as a missionary in India. Ten Chinese attended this school. Three years later it was de cided to remove their school to Emman uel Church, St. Catherine street, where it has continued to prosper under the efficient management of Miss Lighthall. In that same year a second school was opened in the American Presbyterian Church. It has done a splendid work, having an attendance of about fifty, and contributing very liberally towards missionary work in China. In 1893 a third school was opened in St. Matthew's Pres-byterian Church, Point St. Charles. As there are but few Chinamen in that part large, of better accommodation. but the school continues until the present time.

meet, some in the morning, some in the sent time.

meet, some in the morning, some in the afternoon, and two in the evening.

In 1894 a simultaneous movement was made by the authorities of the American one hundred. Many of the scholars at-Church and by the Presbytery of Monttend more than one school. One of the real to extend this important work. The finest missionary object-lessons to be Rev. J. C. Thomson, M.D., who had respect to seen on this continent is the school cently returned from Canton, China, was. which meets in Knox Church after Sun-

a competent person to superintend this work. An overture, looking in that di-rection, was transmitted to the General Assembly of 1894, and that venerable court agreed to include this work in its foreign mission operations. A suitable man was sought for and, after careful enquiry, it was found that the Rev. J. C. Thomson, M.D., of the Presbyterian Church of the United States, was the person needed, and the position was of-fered to him. He agreed to undertake the work, and came to Montreal in the autumn of that year. While his principle centre of work is Montreal, it is understood that a portion of his time will be given to other towns and cities of Ontario and Quebec , where there are Chinese.

choice of Dr. Thomson for this

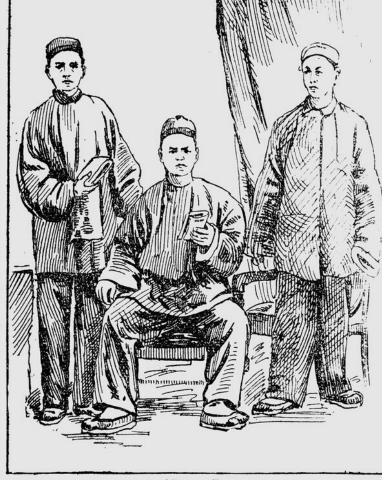
work has been a most fortunate one. Born and educated in the United States, he offered his services to the American Presbyterian Board, and was sent as missionary to Canton, China. He labored there with great acceptance and usefulness for seven years. He then returned to America in the interests of his young family, and has been frequently urged to return to China, where his valuable Chinese hotels and boarding houses for their accommodation. The length of their stay in the city varies from a few days to several months.

These strangers all come from the same

These strangers all come from the same in his work is invaluable. He is the friend and helper of the Chinese in everything that interests them. He has drawn forth the practical assistance of the churches in a marvellous degree. They While he has had to do with some of the dustrious, sober, frugal worst elements of society, and has had to summon to his aid the strong arm of the law to suppress dangerous evils, he dy element in the city, but they bear this seems to have alienated the sympathies of mone, except, perhaps, the keepers of

Mrs. Thomson is also a missionary of the true type. Her interest in the Chinese is intense. Not only does she teach in the schools and visit the Chinese women in their homes, but she addresses meetings of ladies in the different

Soon after Dr. Thomson entered upon encircled the city. The pastors and sessions joined with him very cordially in Erskine Churches. It was discovered, after a few months' trial, that a few congregation averages sixty persons. It changes would be in the interests of the



CHRISTIAN STUDENTS

some are reading simple sentences, while others are reading the New Testament, among them which is most delightful to behold. Fortunate indeed is the missionary board which is served by such workers as Dr. and Mrs. Thomson. seen ministers' wives and daughters, el-ders and their families, prominent busihis work he succeeded in establishing a ness men, students, ladies of culture, chain of Chinese Sunday-schools which workers of the city. On a recent Sunday sented a peculiar card, which consists evening one hundred and fourteen Chinaevening one hundred and fourteen Chinawere present at this school. The men were present at this school. The Matthew's, Taylor, Calvin, Chalmers, St. Mark's, St. Giles, Knox (2), Stanley Street, St. Gabriel, Crescent Street and Exaking Churches, Mark's, St. Giles, Knox (2), Stanley Street, St. Gabriel, Crescent Street and Exaking Churches, Mark's, St. Giles, Knox (2), Stanley steel, St. Gabriel, Crescent Street and Exaking Churches, Mark's, St. Giles, Knox (2), Stanley steel, St. Gabriel, Crescent Street and Street and Street and Street and St. Giles, Knox (2), Stanley s sight is most inspiring. Dr. Thomson conducts a service entirely in the Chinese language in the same church at an earlier hour every Sunday evening. His the teacher discovered that they contact the same church at an earlier hour every Sunday evening. His the teacher discovered that they contact the same church at the contact the same church at the same

One of the bright, interesting parts of this work is the gratitude displayed the men towards their teachers. It is at the holiday season that these from Es flow forth most copiously. Christmas week last year, many teachers were surprised to see a cab at the door and two Chinamen step or bearing parcels in their arms. They pe The ten both the name of the teacher It ed Christmas gifts, such as silk hand un- kerchiefs, embroidered table covers, five o'clock tea service, a pound or two of the choicest tea, boxes of a pecular kind of nut, or some other article which the grateful pupil thought his teacher might prize. These gifts are sometimes very costly, and are presented with suclevidence of delight on the part of the giver that no one could think of refus

The results of this work are already manifold, and most encouraging. The Christian people of Montreal have a sat isfaction in the consciousness that the are in a measure discharging their obli gations to these strangers who come : them in dense spiritual darkness. A deep and widespread interest in mission work is fostered by this movement, and volunteers for the foreign field are secured. Not only are funds contributed for this work which might not otherwis be secured, but the men themselves and their teachers contribute very liberally. One Christian Chinaman in Montreal gave one hundred dollars for the support of missions in China. One of the teachers. berself a volunteer missionary, has this year given the full salary of a native preacher in Canton. The Chinese schools contributed five hundred dollars last year for foreign missions. Several of the foreign missions. for foreign missions. Several of the scholars have given satisfactory evidence that they are savingly converted, and have been baptized into the Christian faith. At the last quarterly communion ten Chinamen sat at the Lord's table in Knox Church, and many more are making hopeful progress in Christian knowledge. This work will bear fruit in These men are constantly returning to their own home, and w so favorably disposed towards Christianity, and, in not a few cases, as active Christian workers. Largely through the earnest pleading of Mrs. Thomson, the Woman's Missionary Society of Montreal has offered to contribute, in addition to their present givings, the amount neces sary to support a chapel and native preacher in Macao, and the Foreign Mis-

sion Committee was authorized to enterinto correspondence with the view opening a mission in that part of Chil Such a link between the work here the district from which these men co would be of great advantage. The mount would contribute very liberally for support of such a mission. The Presbyterian Church in Canada may well rejoice that God has called her to this work, and has crowned with such a measure of success the efforts thus far

ferred to St. Paul's Church for the sake

attendance ranges from seven to over

A GROUP OF SCHOLARS.

invited to come to Montreal for the pur- | day evening service. The spacious lecinvited to come to Montreal for the purpose of looking over the field and reporting upon its prospects. He did so, and found that there was an opening for a vigorous missionary effort. A meeting was called of those interested in the movement, and the friends from Emmanuel and the American churches agreed to co-operate very cordially with the Presbytery of Montreal in securing

work. The school in Taylor Church was given up because of the rough treatment which the scholars received from a rowdy element in that part of the city. The St. Gabriel Church school was transthis work.

WONG QUONG'S FAMILY

These schools

Monday is not a busy day with John and he is very willing to spend the even-ing in intellectual pursuits. To meet this desire a night school is held in the lecture-room of St. Paul's Church. Dr. Barclay takes a great interest in this school, and is generally in attendance. A large staff of teachers is drawn from the surrounding churches, and a very busy evening is spent with books, slates, and blackboard. This school is highly prized by the men, and the attendance has been as high as eighty-five

The need of more systematic teaching than is possible in the ordinary schools led to the opening of a night school which would meet five evenings in the week, and in which more advanced work might be undertaken. The Protestant Board of School Commissioners generously allowed the use of a fine class-room in one of their best schools. Miss M. E. Thomson, from Elora, Ont., being in Mont-real last winter, accepted the responsibility of this work, and rendered efficient and acceptable service. The average attendance was over twenty, and the progress of the pupils in reading, writing. arithmetic and singing very satisfactory.

The school was lately removed to more

felt from the beginning. A Chinatown, with all its characteristic evils, was rapidly developing, and was not only a source of much evil to the Chinese them-selves, but was also a menace to the city. Dr. Thomson has wrought hard, not only to break up Chinatown, but also to provide accommodation for the men where they would be safe from the temptations of opium and gambling. His efforts have been crowned with wonderful success. Mr. David Yuile, an elder of Erskine Church, whose zeal in mission work is so well known, came to his assistance, and leased two commodious houses for the use of the mission. One is used entirely as a boarding house, and the other is used for mission rooms, a night school, and lodgings for a superior

### MRS. KRUGER.

put forth.-The 'Westminster.

The Rev. Mark Guy Pearte, when at Pretoria, paid a visit to President and Mrs. Kruger, and refers to it in his serial arithmetic and singing very satisfactory. The school was lately removed to more commodious quarters, and since then the attendance has more than doubled.

The need of mission premises has been felt from the beginning. A Chinatown, with all its characteristic evils; was rapidly developing, and was not only a source of much evil to the Chinese themselves, but was also a menace to the city. The Thomselves has been at seven the services of the services of the color of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the setting of the executive but I sat with the wife. He says the death of the country of the count in the morning, and that was the only time he was free. He gets up at five o'clock, and has his household together for daily prayer at 5.30. Whatever may be the influences that surround and in-corruptions that are inseparable from the concessions. I believe he is a man who concessions, I believe he is a man who seeks thoroughly to do his duty in the fear of God, and I came away feeling that his wife was a grand old mother in Israel that would have made at home the fine and did method the second with the sec fine an old Methodist as one could wish to see. - London 'Chronicle.'

The treasurer of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge acknowledges with thanks from Mr. Gilman Cheney the sum of \$25.